## OSKAD <br> 



LSOSONSM汽

## SUMMARIZING

EXPOSITORY WRITING

## INFERRING

## SIMILES

GRADES 3-5

## Monthly, Mantor Text Club

Using mentor texts is one of the best ways to maximize your teaching time. You are able to teach multiple skills, subjects, and topics with just one book!

You will notice that this unit aligns in best practices with my other resources, so it can easily be incorporated into your plans without breaking stride.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { With the monthly mentor text club, } \\
& \text { you'll get a unit just like this one every } \\
& \text { month during the } 20 \mid q-2020 \text { school year } \\
& \text { for less than } \$ 3 \text { a month! }
\end{aligned}
$$

You'll also get exclusive opportunities like giveaways of the book used for the lessons, surveys to provide input on what books and skills you'd like to see incorporated, and immediate email notifications when each new unit is available. Plus, a bonus lesson is included that won't be available anywhere else!

## JOIN THE CLUB

If you purchased this as an individual unit, it's not too late to join the club! Purchase the club membership bundle, then email me the receipts for your individual purchase and the bundle purchase at ideasbyjivey@gmail.com. - I will happily refund you the price you paid for the individual unit!

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|  | DEATHEL | GDAMMAD | $M M H$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | Read Oskar and the Eight <br> tua $s$ <br> sui ar <br> the te | Show students the mentor <br> $t$ is $t^{\prime}$ notic bout st $n$ empha ig th sin | Students will brainstorm $\square$ plac $n$ their li home, cho : o ir ). |
|  | Students will identify the way Oskar changed through the story because of the blessings. | Students identify the functions of the words in the sentence. Use the interactive activity to teach/review focus skill of similes. | Students will use pre-written main ideas to organize details that match into the correct paragraph "group." |
|  | Students will identify the iar it ar or | Discuss how the sentence <br> $r$ e ether, allow sti to revis he sen and $-L$. | Students will organize their wnd $s$ ideas in inree qrou by t-, ic $d$ write a opic each one. |
|  | Students will infer Oskar's feelings based on events and actions in the text. | Discuss how the sentence can be imitated. Share the example and note the differences. Students should imitate the sentence and share. | Students will practice drafting introductions using specific examples for their kindness writing piece. |
|  |  |  | tu ts will dre their kindı ; writine see with a all-t $\square$ slusion. |

## MENTOR SENTENCE

Core Anchor Standards: L.I, L.2, L.3, L.5, W. 5
Duration: 15 MINUTES DAILY
Objectives: Students will notice grammar and conventions, revise, and imitate a mentor


Actions: Each day, students will work with a mentor sentence in a different way in their notebook. Discussion is where the learning happens- this should not be center or independent work! Students will notice what is RIGHT about a sentence (rather than looking at a sentence full of mistakes) to apply what they see to their own writing.

Day I: Students should share what they notice about the sentence that makes it an excellent sentence w the ni eall e h d, point of the simile if ys ice is the focu

Day 2: S ents sh a inti tho functi f tho drir ocontenc of the words help the reader understand what the author is communicating? Especially focus on the conjunction, nouns (subjects), and verbs (predicates) to identify the compound sentence, but don't worry if they can't label every single word in the sentence.

Day 3: Students will revise the mentor sentence by adding or changing words without changing the meaning of the sentence.

Day 4: Students will imitate the mentor sentence by keeping the style and structure but writing $c$ a ou a e al $f$. to the xample $f$ and allow the

Day 5: S lents wi ho wh it is the ne ffere fron ne origin d

Monday - possibilities of things to notice
*simile
compound sentence with three clauses
commas separating clauses
descriptive - adjectives and adverbs
visualization
proper nouns - Oskar, Broadway past tense
Tuesday - label the sentence
The, a - art city, Oskar was - linkin terribly -a big, small and - conju stretched before, like him - pronc

The city was terribly big, Oskar was ferribly small, an Broadway stretched before him like a river.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{c}
\text { complete subjects } \\
\text { simple subjects }
\end{array}
\end{aligned} \begin{gathered}
\text { complete predic } \\
\text { simplepredicat }
\end{gathered}
$$

## The city was terribly big,

 Oskar was terribly small, -Wednesday - possibility of revised sentence
The city was terribly big, Oskar was terribly tiny, and Broadwa stretched before him like a raging river. (changed and added adjectives to create alliteration)
Thursday - possibility of imitation sentence The boat was terribly cramped, the journey was terribly long, was terribly small, big, Oskar and the Atlantic roared with waves like jagged mountains. stretched small, and Broadway
 ~ Ockar and the Eight Blessings

The city was terribly big, Oskar was terribly small, and Broadway
stretched before him like a river.
~ Oskar and the Eight Blessings
 was terribly '. Circle 4 mistakes in the sentence. Rewrite the sentence correctly: stretched b, The city was terribly big, Oskar was terribly small, and ~Oskar and Broadway stretched before him like a river.
The city was ${ }^{2}$. What type of sentence is this? How do you know?
was terribly: simple compound complex
stretched bet The sentence is made of three simple sentences ~ Oskar and $\qquad$

## SIMILES

Similes compare two things to create an image in the reader's mind. Similes use the words "like" or "as". Cut out the activity and glue it into your notebook, cutting up so there are thre "Inder each"..." a simile co..." story, pictured on th


In the following sentences, circle the two words being compared to create an


## SUMMARIZING: MENTOR TEXT

## Duration: 45 MINUTES

Core Anchor Standards: RL. 2

Objective: Students will summarize the mentor text.


Actions: Read Oskar and the Eight Blessings to the students for enjoyment.
**Make sure to point out the wordless page with the story told through pictures when Oskar sees the Macy's window display. Allow students to "tell the story" of what is happening. Point out clues if needed (the Macy's sign, his wide eyes, etc.). If you have used the Balloons Over Broadway Unit, also in the club, remind students that this was a window display created by Tony Sarg!

Show st ant he up ar Antivity ae rojec dor ado into ihant oy giving them a sy of th tivity emind stc the o erer betweer (sharing all the $s$, ific de is, ding in fopa fo e the big picture of the story). It might be helpful to fill in the story elements together as a shared activity, then have them write the information into a short paragraph at the bottom.


## Oskar and the Eight Blessings

Write the story elements to help you summarize.
Main lar $c$ r: Prole ems
Oskar

## Setting:

1938, $7^{\text {th }}$ Day of Hanukkah (Christmas Eve), New York

## Major Events:

 gestures as he walks.
## Main Oskar



Summarize the story:

## In 1938 on the $7^{\text {th }}$ Day of Hanukkah, Oskar arrived in New York alone

 to escape Nazi Europe. He must walk 100 blocks to his aunt's house

## BRAINSTORM

Core Anchor Standards: RL.I, W.2, W.5, W. 8
Duration: 30 MINUTES

Objective: Studenta will expand on ideas from the toxt in a hrainatorm list.

## Material Jer d:

Oskar ar ine Eig
'ssinc oy Kichar on anc anyc
 Brainsto Activi

Actions: Review the kindness demonstrated in the book: the ways that others blessed Oskar, just as his father assured him they would. Some blessings were physical gifts (the bread, comic book, and mittens) while others were acts of kindness (the whistling man, the man who helped Oskar up when he falls, Mrs. Roosevelt lets him pass).

Brainstorm with students the ways they can show kindness to (or bless) others through gifts an Th ild mult $e$ m haring $v$ others, $k$ nai si blie ve one can e, mplin ting ners), s ool (nic g up a
 (donating clothes or toys, cleaning up a park), etc.

Make note of how important the acts that don't cost any money are-being kind is free and makes an impact on those who receive it, as seen in the character changes activity.



## CHARACTER CHANGES: MENTOR TEXT

Core Anchor Standards: RL.3, RL. 7
Duration: 30 MINUTES

Objective: Students will analyze character changes over time.


Actions: If you have not read the Author's Note to the students, read it today. Discuss the word optimism, and how Oskar saw the good in others even when he had faced terrible horrors at home that led him to be in New York alone. Ask students to reflect on the ways Oskar changed in the text. The graphic organizer can be done together as the mini-lesson or can be given for students to complete after the discussion. Discuss with students how the blessings (the events listed on the activity) helped Oskar continue pushing to his goal of getting to his aunt before sundown. way a c They co



## Name: Sugsostoa responses

## OSkar and the Eight Blessings

How did each event affect or change Oskar?
A worn ra $n^{-k a}$ a" A all $c^{\prime \prime}$ ir to k pa loaf $c$ b a com bo It ga him t a re th to He els eased 0 minds keep walking.

Oskar sees the Macy's window display.
He is mesmerized by the beaut $\square$ - $\quad$ a

A boy ives (ki hi .11ens $M$, " let $!$ r pass.

They warm his hands, and he shares the comic blessing with the boy to show gratitude.

A man helps Oskar up when he falls.

## It

as
: fath .'s wa dos ho ole
$\because$ can be good.

## ORGANIZING PRACTICE

Core Anchor Standards: W.2, W. $4, ~ W .5$
Duration: 30 MINUTES

Objectives: Students will practice organizing details by main idea.


Actions: Give students the organizer page. Point out the topics listed in each main idea box. Discuss with students how important it is to stay on topic within a paragraph, so each of the details under those topics should fit with the main idea.

Give students the Menorah Details. Read each sentence together and decide if it best fits in paragraph I (tells the history of the holiday) or paragraph 2 (gives details of the menorah) allow stadonts to nummont/nexplair theinmonenn organize You col c fe toaether allow tl $n$ to molete it, ck it afterwaras, or do the entire activity together it paragrapn organizaiton is new, or a weakness, for students.

## take



Students could write an introduction and a conclusion for the piece, and even publish it.

## Name Answer Key

## THE HANUKKAH MENORAH

Over two thousand years ago, the Jewish people did not celebrate Hanukkah.


In the land of Israel, Jewish people would worship in the Jerusalem Temple, lighting an oil-burning menorah each evening.

The Jewish people cleaned their Temple and made a new menorah, but they only

The Hc kkah c elk tic 'ves und

King Antiochus did not want Jewish people to celebrate or worship, so he ordered his soldiers to ruin their Temple.

Miraculously, the tiny jar of oil burned for eight days, which inspired the eight-day menorah. One candle is lit each night using the center helper candle, called the Shamash.

The Shamash candle is used to ignite each of the special Hanukkah candles, for they're meant to be looked at, never used.
men arioplac ad $\dagger$ 9 nd joy of the holiday to others.

## SYMBOLISM: MENTOR TEXT

Core Anchor Standards: RL.I, RL. 2

Objective: Students will analyze the symbolism found in the mentor text.

## Material

Oskar ar the ig Ble ne oveicho Si in ane anyo mon Symbolis

Actions:

$\square$ ay'

Duration: 20 MINUTES

and how they changed Oskar. Then, discuss with students what was learned in the organizing facts activity done in writing the previous day as well. Ask, "Do you think it was an accident that the author chose the number eight for the blessings Oskar received?" This will hopefully spark a connection with students that Hanukkah is eight days because of the miracle oil that burned for eight days, and the menorah has eight special candles. The number eight is very symbolic for these reasons, so the author probably shose einht as a form of symbolism

Also disc and light he oth $k+t$ ut t $r$ h can , the
students ink of $s$ th zandle mi , oresented in the menior texi. Allor trie people were the Snarnasn to uskar, helping hirn to "stay lit" on his journey-bringing him joy and blessings.)

On the activity, students should write each of the blessings he received or encountered on his journey as the eight candles of the menorah, and list the helpers as the Shamash. This could be done as a whole group mini-lesson to discuss symbolism, or a way for them to recount/retell the story.

$\because$ Name: Suggested ReSponses

## SYMBOLISM IN OSKAR AND THE EIGHT BLESSINGS



## ORGANIZE IDEAS

Core Anchor Standards: W.2, W. $4, ~ W .5$

Duration: 45 MINUTES

Objective: Studenta will organize their ideas to groun information lonically.

Material
Organize on Plani rge Complet Brains mi ti



Actions: Provide students a copy of the planner page. Students are going to focus on the three body paragraphs only, and organize the details of each. Remind students of the practice organizing from the previous day-grouping details by topic or main idea.

Ask students to look at their brainstorm activity and think of how they could organize their ideas for kindness into three "categories" or topics. My intent was to have them set up e io the ni cts al la st ents ma see" it in a diff ent $a y$ t's $t$ ou if yo va tsur tea r-direc $y$ or if 4 want
 home/family, and community.

When students have their categories of how they will organize, they should write a couple of words or a short phrase for each detail on the planner page, keeping the topics grouped by paragraph.

Lastly, lead students to write each paragraph's topic sentence by reminding them to reflect to const grouped ielr det so each
 ad ara ap
also want fouro ther
e sai way the ou look at thed ys or ow
o vary t
nord a ed.

- Main Idea \#| Topic Sentence:

One place where acts of kindness are always appreciated is at school.


Main Idea \#2 Topic Sentence:
It's important to make your family feel special with gifts or acts of kindness, too.


Main Idea \#3 Topic Sentence:
There are even ways to spread kindness in the community.
$\because$-clean un a park
Detail:
donate
*

## INFERRING: MENTOR TEXT

Core Anchor Standards: RL.I, RL. 3
Duration: 30 MINUTES

Objective: Students will infer how a character feels based on events and actions.


Actions: Remind students that when we infer, we are reading between the lines of what the author shares. For example, we can figure out how a character might feel based on things that happen without the author actually telling us the emotion.

Complete the inferring activity with students as a mini-lesson, or walk through a couple and allow them to work on their own or with a partner to finish.


## Infer About Oskar

The Author Says... $\geqslant-$ His po a ship o Ane ic e had nothing but an address and a photo of a woman he dian' $\dagger$ know.

The man whistled to Oskar. Oskar whistled back' ${ }^{\text {TI }}$
firs cor th to
, uneri

Oskar put the mittens on and felt the boy's warmth. He had something to give the boy, too.

What I Know... $\square-\square$ It w
leave
scar parent nd your home to yo live with someone you've never met in a place you've never been.

Whistling is something people do when they take to ry one It was cold and snowy. When someone does something nice for you, it's nice to return the favor. He had the comic book from the newsstand.

My Inference ska il ne and frightened to make this journey.

Oskar felt happy to be by st a fried y man.

Oskar gave him the comic book because he wanted to show how grateful he was.
. wash priam was avalon ho one new $\therefore$ his -her's, in . washed over him.

Uskar s reliev that he ed I r o er, which helped actually

## PRACTICE INTRODUCTIONS

Core Anchor Standards: W.2, W. $4, ~ W .5$

Duration: 45 MINUTES

Objective: Students will develop possible introductions for their kindness piece.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Material Jee } d: \\ \text { Practice } & \text { Dr ye }\end{array}$ Types o eads L
Organizalıon Planner Page
Actions: Discuss with students the importance of grabbing a reader's attention so they want to keep reading what you have to say. Pass out the Types of Leads List. Review each example with the students. Remind students they should include a summary of what each of the three paragraphs in the body of their writing will be about. It shouldn't give away or repeat all of the information, but it should give the reader the main idea of the whole writing piece.

## Allow st

 can in th Quote, ytime yo
e lef allowing o minute to sh $\square$ y th
the
idea ec 1+y sas they
Share a

You could also do it in the form of QUICKWRITES: These are good to get students to just put pencil to paper and START drafting. Tell students they are going to work to beat the clock as they draft some introductions for their kindness writing. They can pick any of the five leads to start with, but they only have five minutes for that lead. Use a timer so they can see how much time they have left. Repeat this two more times (This wav, they alwavs have "choice" when decidina which one they will work on next). They wil an hr o. ac ney cal ork itnl egin elr kinc ss writi tomorro
up" or a more
ey like th afts, 1 mic
the
'clean

Give students time to share their favorite with a partner once drafting is done.

# PRACTICE LEADS 

Practice drafting some introductions for your kindness writing piece.
Ask (Qi) s or

Provide a Definition


Set the Scene


## ASSESS LEARNING

Core Anchor Standards: RL.I, RL.2, RL. 3

Objective: Students will demonstrate understanding of summarizing and inferring.

Material
Night Cr
Actions:


## Answers:

Write a summary of the story. Remember, a summary is the big picture!
Eloise wants to go crabbing but her mother makes her wait until the moon is high in the sky. When they finally go down to the sand, Eloise catches one of what she hopes is many crabs!
 to go, too, even though it's not time to leave. Finally, it felt like an eternity before they were able to leave.

Is this Eloise's first time going night crabbing? How do you know? Use evidence from the story.
This is not her first time. I can infer this because her mother says, "There's never been a crab shortage in all the years we have vacationed here," and also says Eloise should know th m out bs e o binds he b look closely 0 the h ,ise us me this for Finall Elois avs she going t et a new rec











$\qquad$ the ocean. She sighed and flopped onto her back dramatically. "Everyone is going to catch all the crabs before we even get down there!"

Her mother laughed. "There's never been a crab shortage in all the years we have vacationed here. Plus, the crabs like to come out when they can see by the light of the moon. You know that!"

After what felt like an eternity, Eloise and her mother held hands and walked out of the hotel under the monnlight The whito cand wace non under their bare feet, ike $r$ ' Ti o when $i$ as host, hot, walk o oss. have watch is for iovement. y don't all th I'ghosto nothiry: Elois ; ther nind "An
y don't xll th I'ghost o
Eloise walked carefully, pointing her flashlight at the holes made by the sand crabs, watching for any small movement coming out of them.

Suddenly, Eloise shouted, "THERE'S ONE!" She dropped her bucket and took off after a crab that was scampering across the sand, keeping the halo of the flashlight around it. She slapped the net down onto the sand, trapping the crab underneath. At that moment, her mother arrived with the bucket that Eloise had
 into $t$ sai a tse s to hur he le cr ture he dump the ne ver
 set a new record!"
$\qquad$

## Night Crabbing

Write a summary of the story. Remember, a summary is the big picture!


How was Eloise feeling at the beginning of the story? How do you know? Use evidence from the story.


Is this Eloise's first time going night crabbing? How do you know? Use evidence from the story.


## COMPLETE DRAFTING

Core Anchor Standards: W.2, W. $4, ~ W .5$
Duration: 45 MINUTES

Objectives: Students will write to convey ideas of kindness clearly.


Actions: Discuss with students: just as it is important to grab the reader's attention with a good introduction, it's also good to wrap up a writing piece so that it feels complete. For the purpose of this expository piece, a Call to Action is a great type of ending, or conclusion. Explain to students that this is where the author talks to the reader in a way that makes them want to take action or do some of the suggestions made in the piece. Write a few together to give them some ideas of ways to conclude their wo

Then, all them their Pruarice Led Pay
$\square$ each using the details they listed, and close it with a call to action.
**You may need more time for the drafting- you could carry this over into next week, especially to get some revision and editing done before publishing.**

## take

 Encoura studer it aclu sentences to vary the structure.

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